



February 21, 1974

Douglas Aircraft Company 3855 Lakewood Blvd Long Beach, CA 90801

Attn: M.G. Collin, Dept. C1-306, 18-94

Gentlemen:

We have received your letter for a Material Safety Data Sheet for the following Midland products:

> 4-W-la 7-X-75 7-x-83 8-W-6b 7 - G - 18-W-24 8-W-65 66-C-20 66-C-28 66-C-43

We are happy to respond to your request and are enclosing the information requested on the Material Safety Data Sheets used by the coatings industry. As you will note, on the data sheet this has been approved by the U.S. Department of Labor and will suffice both for OSHA requirements and other requirements.

If you need further information, please contact us.

Sincerely, . Dominio Ng Y. Dominic Ng Research Chemist

encls.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION I—PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

MANUFACTURERS' NAME: ADVANCED COATINGS & CHEMICALS

DATE OF PREPARATION:

9-16-86

Subsidiary of Olin Hunt Specialty Products, Inc.

4343 Temple City Blvd. Temple City, CA 91780

EMERGENCY PHONE NO: (818) 579-6270

DbW

Base PRODUCT FORMULA: 3 - 1x - 7URAFILM TFE GRAY PRODUCT NAME: POLYTETRAFLOURD ETHYLENE PRODUCT CHEMICAL FAMILY: SECTION II—HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS **EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR** IARC, NTP OSHA HAZARD CAS **INGREDIENTS** NUMBER **OSHA ACGIH EVALUATION** PEL TLV POLYTETRAFLOURD 9002-84-0 $15mg/m^3$ 10mg/m^3 NON-CARCINOGENIC ETHYLENE EPICHLORMYDRIN-25068-38-6 5 ppm 2 ppm **EPOXY** CARCINOGEN, IARC V.11 Page 131 123-99-9 NOt Est. NON-CARCINOGENIC AZELAIC ACID Not Est. $15mg/m^3$ 5 mg/m^3 TITANIUM DIOXIDE 1314-13-2 NON-CARCINOGENIC 15 mg/m^3 10 mg/m^3 NON-CARCINOGENIC 7727-47-7 BARYTES NON-CARCINOGNEIC 5 mg/m^3 10 mg/m^3 1344-28-7 ALUMINA NON-CARCINOGENIC ETHYL 3-ETHOXY PROPIONATE 763-69-0 Not Est. Not Est. IRRITANT; MILDLY TOXIC NON-CARCINOGENIC METHYL NORMAL AMYL NARCOTIC 100 ppm KETONE <u>110-43-0</u> maa 001 NON-CARCINOGENIC METHYL ETHYL KETONE 78-93-3 200 ppm 200 ppm NARCOTIC 3.5 mg/m^3 1333-86-4 3.5 mg/m^3 NON-CARCINOGENIC CARBON BLACK 5 mg/m^3 10mg/m^3 NON-CARCINOGENIC YELLOW IRON OXIDE 12259-21-1 JANT 5 1987 SECTION III—PHYSICAL DATA OCCURATIONAL 175°F SPECIFIC GRAVITY: __ BOILING POINT: VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1): HEAVIER % VOLATILE BY VOLUME: _ SOLUBILITY IN WATER: NEGLIGIBLE SLOWE **EVAPORATION RATE:** (BUTYL ACETATE = 1) 70 VAPOR PRESSURE: @20°C _ _ mm.Hg. SECTION IV—FIRE AND EXPLOSIVE HAZARD DATA 10.0 20 1.05 OF. TCC_LEL:_ % by Volume_UEL:_ % By Volume FLASH POINT:_

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Foam, Dry Chemical, CO2 and/or Water Fog **UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:**

During a fire, irritating and toxic gases and smoke are present from decomposition. Isolate from heat, sparks and open flames. Closed containers may burst when exposed to extreme heat. Vapors form an explosive mixture in air between the upper and lower explosive limits. SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Full emergency equipment with self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn by firefighters.

SECTION V—HEALTH HAZARD DATA

EFFECTS OF ACUTE OVEREXPOSURE:

Eyes: Can cause severe irritation, redness, tearing and blurred vision. Skin: Prolonged or repeated contact can cause irritation. Defatting to skin. Inhalation: Dizziness, breathing difficulty, headaches and loss of coordination.

Ingestion: Damage to throat and esophagus, vomitting and diarrhea.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS PRONE TO AGGRAVATION BY EXPOSURE: Asthma, respiratory tract irritation, dermatitis. Kidney and liver problems, conjunctivitis.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: Dermal, inhalation, ingestion.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Eye Contact: Flush with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Skin Contact: Wash thoroughly with soap and water. See a doctor

Inhalation Over Exposure: Move person to fresh air. If breathing stops, apply artificial respiration and seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomitting. Can cause chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema. Contact physician immediately.

OTHER HEALTH HAZARDS: EFFECTS OF CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE:

EYES: Blurred vision. Conjuctivitis. SKIN: Sensitization, dermatitis. INHALATION: Asthma-like symptoms.

Central nervous system effects. INGESTION: Damage to throat. Possible kidney and liver impairment.

SECTION VI—REACTIVITY DATA

STABLITY: Stable

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Carbon monoxide; carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, various hydrocarbon and acrid fumes.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

Excessive heat, poor ventilation. Corrosive atmosphere, excessive aging, sparks and open flames.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIAL TO AVOID):

Alkaline materials, strong acids and oxidizing materials.

SECTION VII—SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Eliminate ignition sources; provide good ventilation; dike spill area and add absorbent material to spilled liquid. Thoroughly wet with water and mix.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Collect absorbent/water/spilled liquid mixture into metal containers and add enough water to cover. Consult local, state and federal hazardous waste regulations before disposing into approved hazardous wastes landfills. Obey relevant laws.

SECTION VIII—SAFE HANDLING AND USE INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

When spraying and/or printing this material, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator or gas mask suitable for airborne mists and vapor concentrations below the time-weighted threshold limit values. When using in poorly ventilated and confined spaces, use a fresh-air supplying respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus.

VENTILATION:

General mechanical ventilation or local exhaust should be suitable to keep vapor concentration below TLV. Ventilation equipment must be explosion-proof.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Impermeable chemical handling gloves for skin protection.

EYE PROTECTION: Use chemical safety glasses, goggles and face shields for eye protection.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Use impermeable aprons and protective clothings when ever possible to prevent skin contact. The use of head caps when ever possible is strongly recommended.

HYGIENIC PRACTICE: Eye washes and safety showers in the work palce is recommended.

SECTION IX—SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING:

Use non-sparking utensils when handling this material. Avoid hot metal surfaces. Use in cool, well-ventilated areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. Keep away from excessive heat and open flames.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

Smoking in areas where this material is used should be strictly prohibited. Tools used with this material should be aluminum, brass or copper. Plastic tools should not be used. Since emptied containers retain product residues, (vapors, liquid and/or solid) all hazard precautions should be observed.

		V PRANCESTATION DATA	
SECTION X—TRANSPORTATION DATA			
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:_	PAINT	UN 1263	
DOT CLASSIFICATION:	FLAMMABLE	DOT LABEL: RED	
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKE	N IN TRANSPORTATION: _	Refer to Section IX	

NOTE: THIS INFORMATION IS ACCURATE TO THE BEST KNOWLEDGE OF ADVANCED COATING & CHEMICALS COMPANY, BUT IS FURNISHED WITHOUT ANY EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES.